

# The HABS, KUBESat, KUTESat-1 Technical report; Design of a Modular platform for Picosatellites

**Nikhil Paruchuri**  
**University of Kansas**



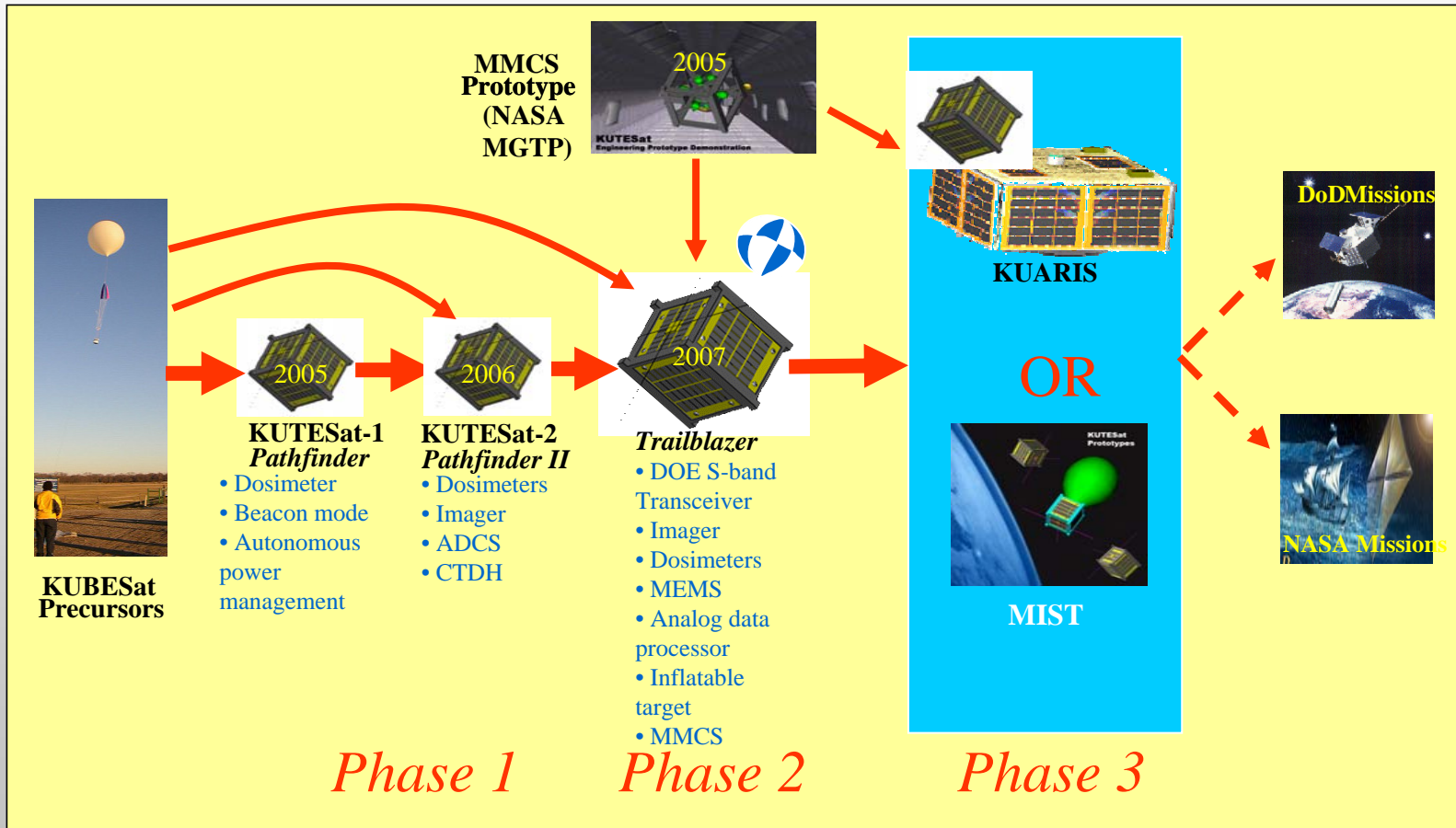
# KUTESat program overview



- **Kansas Universities Technology Evaluation Satellite (KUTESat)**
  - ◆ **Development and operation of small satellites (< 30 kg) that will be engineering prototypes**
  - ◆ **Test latest nanotechnology and MEMS technology**
    - **JPL NASA**
    - **AFRL**
    - **NNSA KCP**
  - ◆ **Establish a space industry in Kansas**
  - ◆ **Train future space professionals (student run program)**



# KUTESat program overview

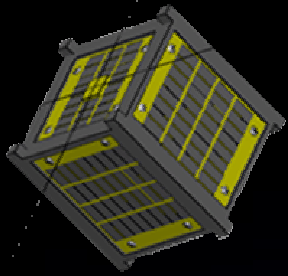




# Objectives



- **Design HABS**
- **Design KUBESats for S-band communication system**
- **Integrate and test KUTESat-1**
- **Design modular platform for future systems**
- **Implementation of modular platform**



# The BalloonSat's

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20<sup>th</sup> January, 2006

Masters Defense

5



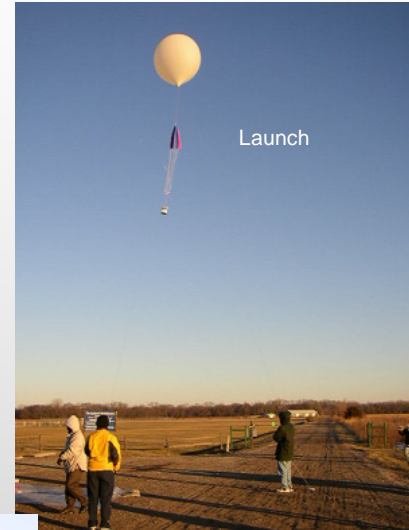
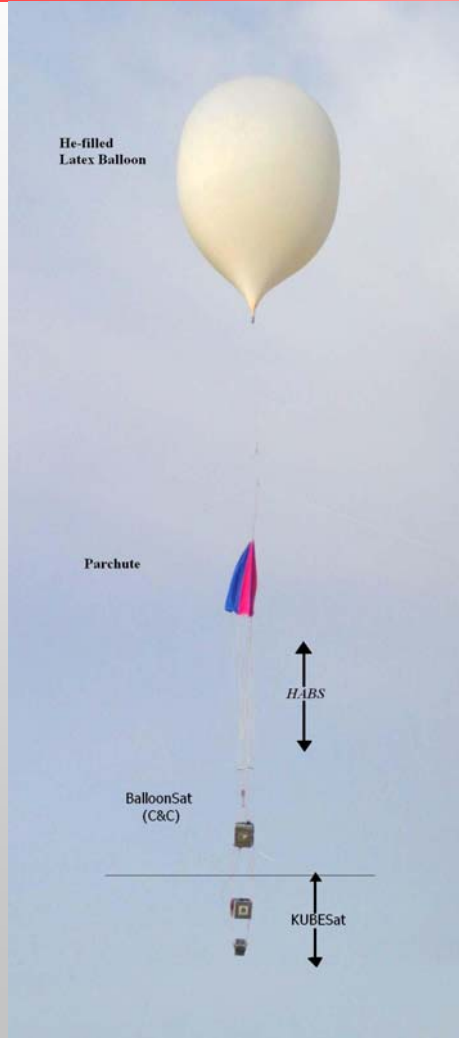
# High Altitude Balloon System



- **Payloads - KUBESats**
- **Near Space Environment testing**
- **100 000 ft, 0.01 atm , -80 °C**
- **~3 hrs of flight**
- **30-150 miles LOS**
- **12 pounds limit**
- **\$500 launch costs**



# Balloon Flight

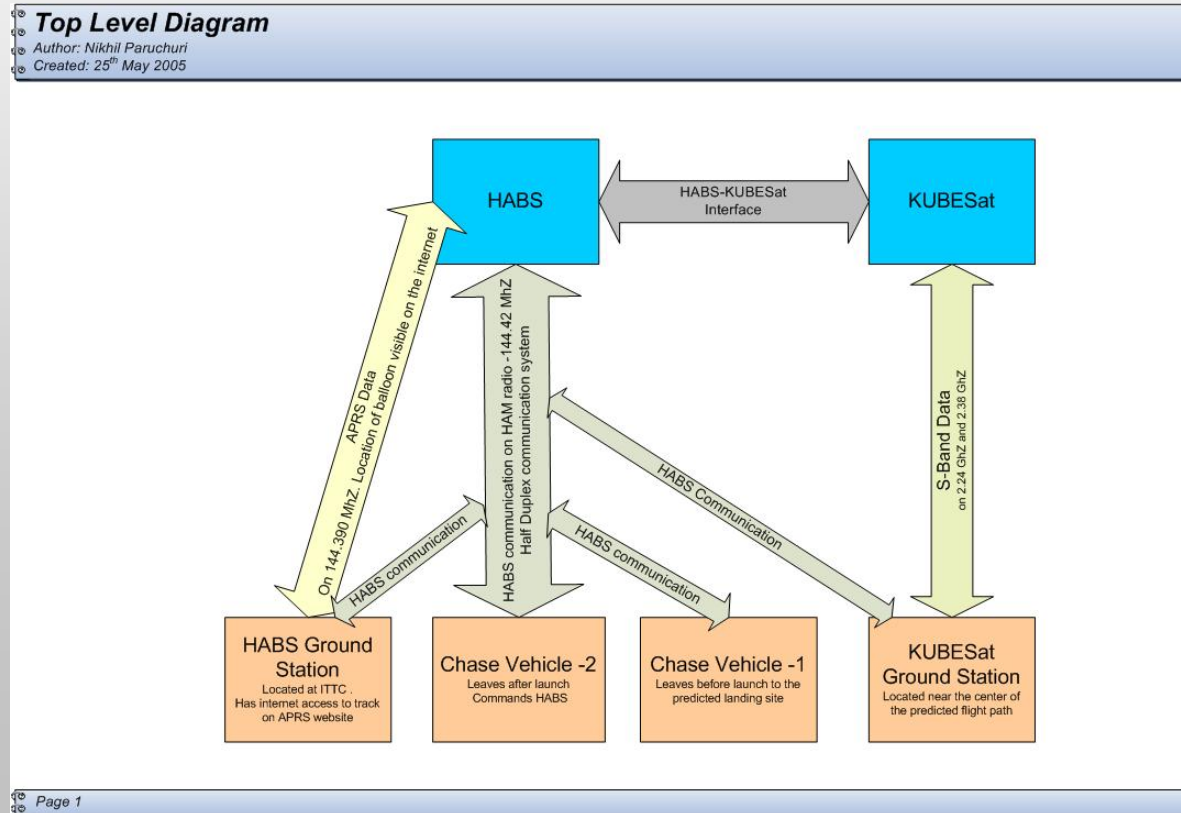




# HABS



- Downlink GPS and Telemetry data
- HAM radio, APRS radio
- S-band communication system, student payloads







# HABS series



- 13 flights since May 2003
- 3 series built

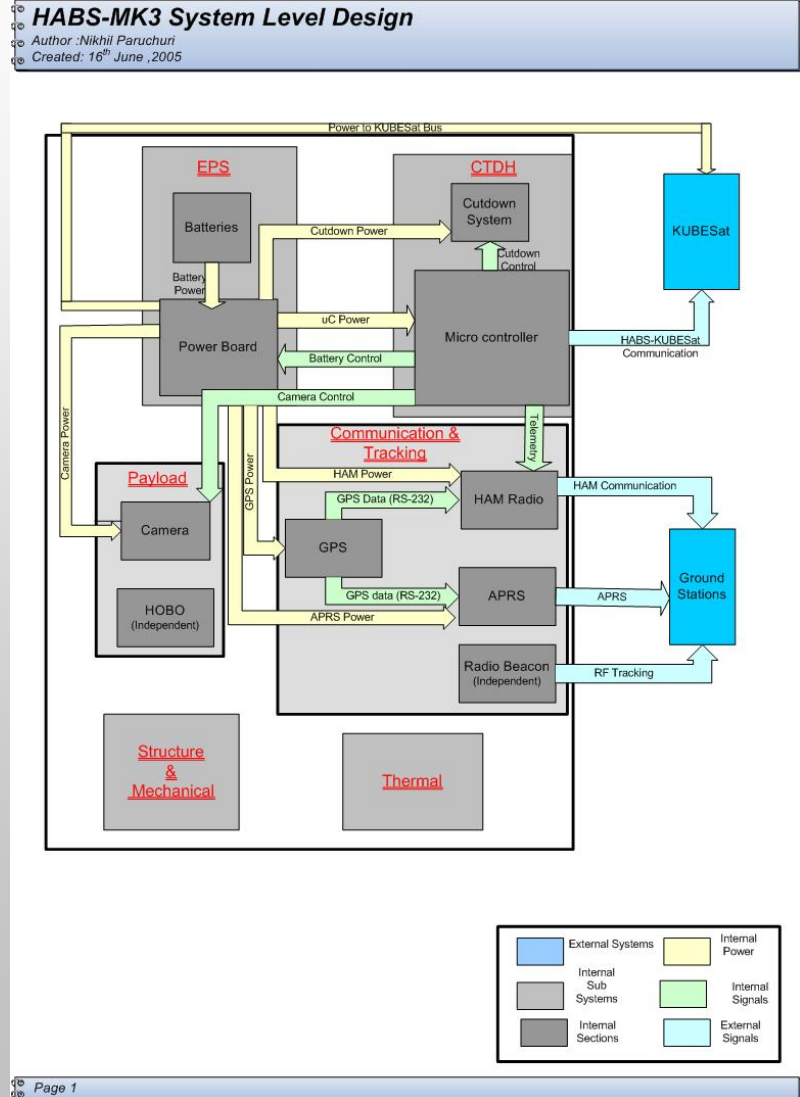
Flight	Series	Payloads	Date	Max. Altitude (km)	Tracked w/GPS	Flight termination method	Recovery
HABS-1	Initial	Temperature -HOBO	5/3/2003	Unknown	No	Burst	Yes
HABS-2	MK Ia	Temperature-HOBO	12/20/2003	14	Yes	Cutdown	Yes
HABS-3	MK Ia	Temperature-HOBO	4/3/2004	Unknown	Partly	Burst	Yes
HABS-4	MK II	Camera , Temperature-HOBO	9/24/2004	4.5	Yes	Cutdown	Yes
HABS-5	MK II	Camera , Temperature-HOBO	10/1/2004	32.8	Yes	Burst	Yes
HABS-6	MK II	Camera , Temperature-HOBO	10/23/2004	29.9	Yes	Burst	Yes
HABS-7	MK II	KUBESat-1, Temperature-HOBO	2/26/2005	19.3	Yes	Cutdown	Yes
HABS-8	MK II	AE 265 student modules .HOBO	5/1/2005	10.7	Yes	Cutdown	Yes
HABS-9b	MK II	KUBESat-1, Temperature-HOBO	6/25/2005	26.7	Yes	Cutdown	Yes
HABS-10	MK II	KUBESat-1, Temperature-HOBO	8/17/2005	28.7	Yes	Burst	Yes
HABS-11	MK III	Temperature-HOBO	10/22/2005	28	Yes	Burst	Yes
HABS-12	MK IIIa	Temperature-HOBO	11/5/2005	28.1	Yes	Burst	Yes
HABS-13	MK IIIa	XBS module, HOBO	11/19/2005	6.9	Yes	Cutdown	Yes



# HABS -Mk2 system design



- **HABS-Mk1**
  - ◆ 2 flights
  - ◆ Unreliable
- **HABS-Mk2**
  - ◆ Redundant tracking system
  - ◆ Secondary batteries
  - ◆ GPS unit
  - ◆ Uplink commands from Ground Station
  - ◆ Film camera





# HABS-Mk2 ,subsystems



## ■ Control Telemetry and Data Handling (CTDH)

### ◆ Telemetry

- Batteries, Temperature, Cutdown status

### ◆ GPS data

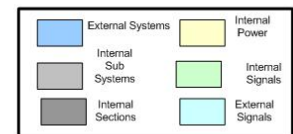
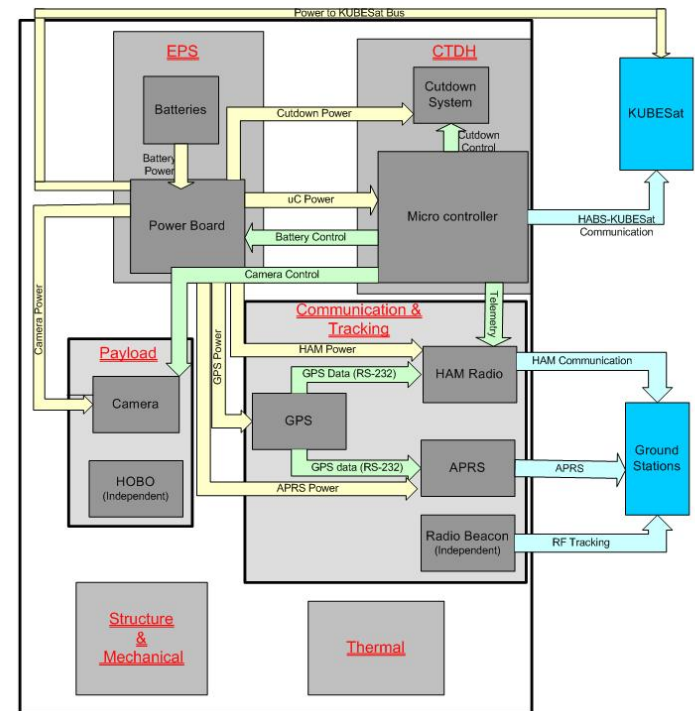
### ◆ Cutdown

### ◆ Camera

### ◆ Choose from Primary and Secondary power sources

### HABS-MK3 System Level Design

Author :Nikhil Paruchuri  
Created: 16<sup>th</sup> June ,2005

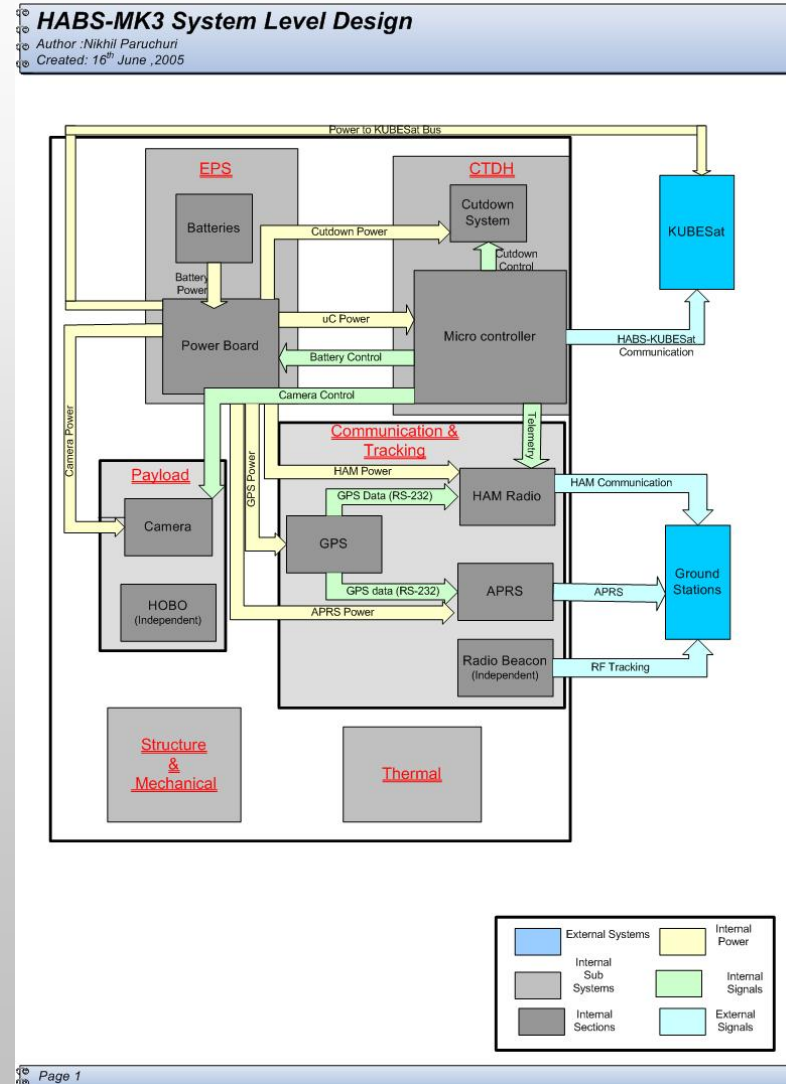




# HABS-Mk2 ,subsystems



- **HAM radio**
  - ◆ 144.42 MHz
  - ◆ Call Sign
  - ◆ TH-D7AG
- **Automatic Packet Reporting System (APRS)**
  - ◆ Redundancy
  - ◆ 144.39 MHz
- **GPS**
  - ◆ 1 second updates
  - ◆ Garmin GPS-25
  - ◆ External antenna

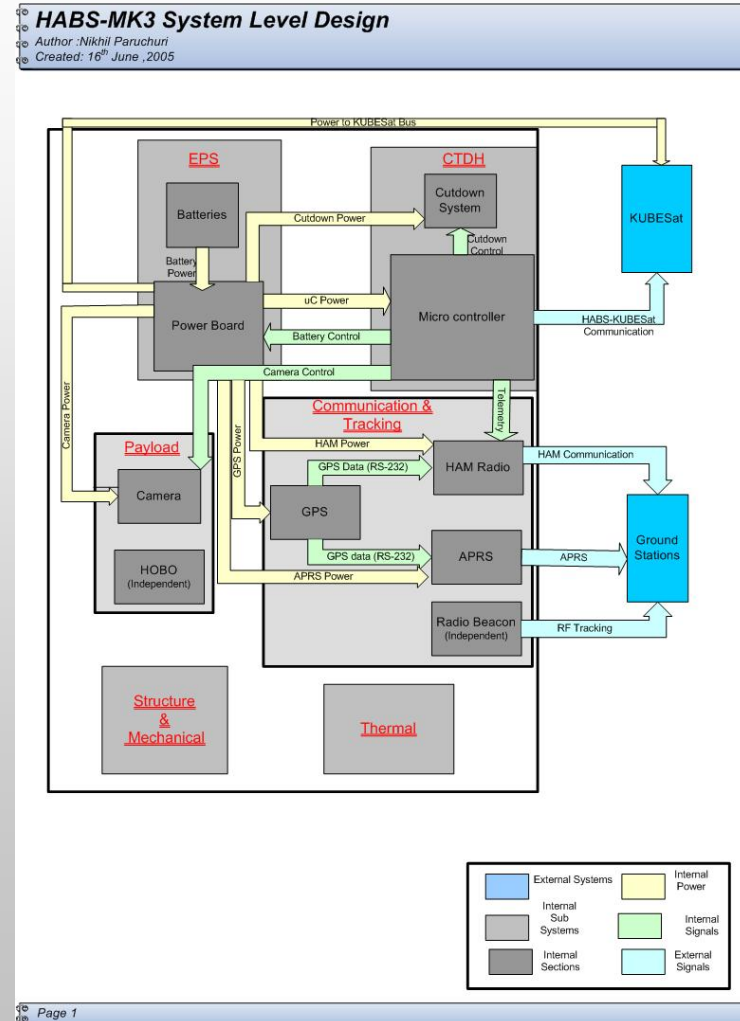




# HABS-Mk2, subsystems

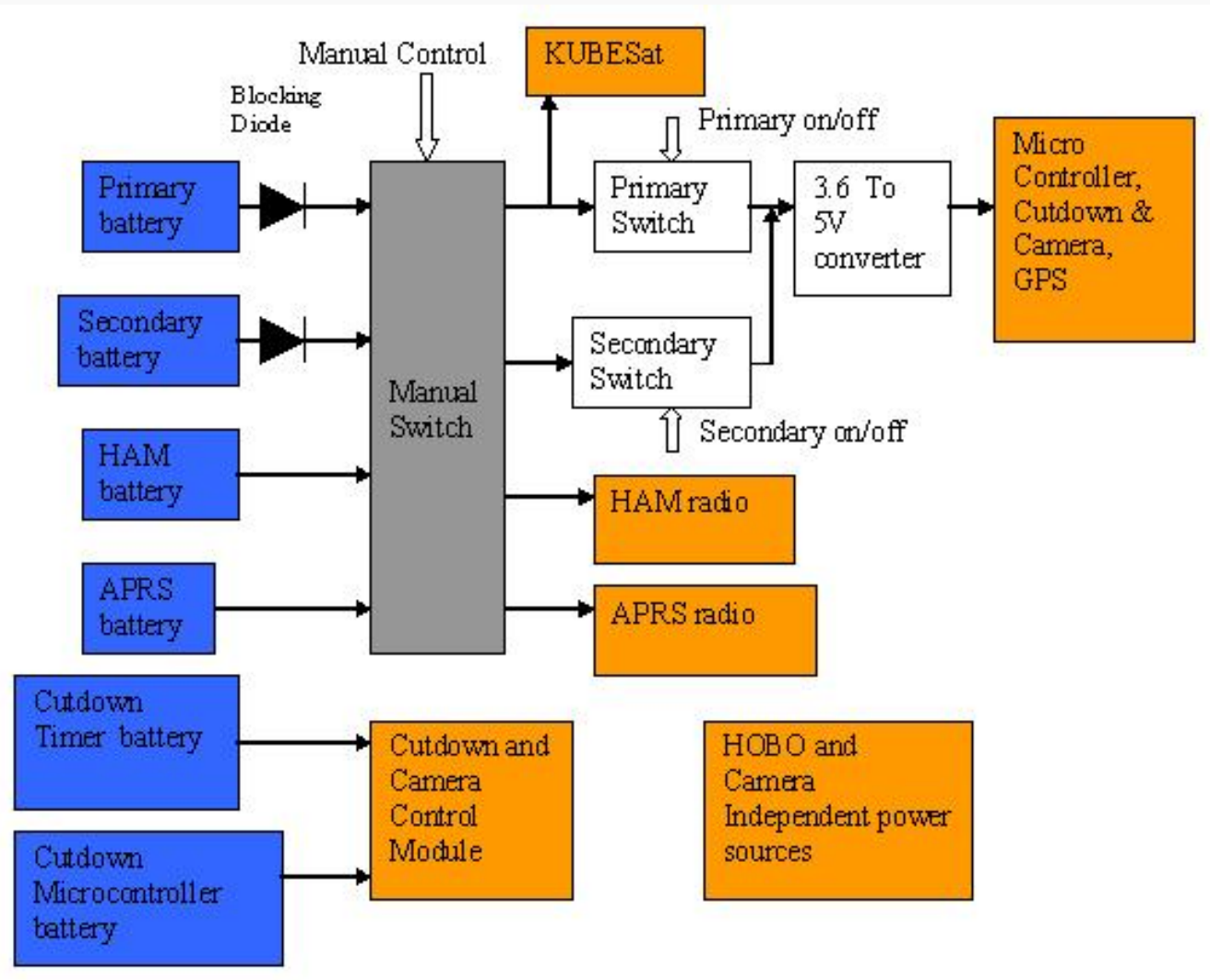


- **Payload**
  - ◆ **Film Camera**
  - ◆ **HOBO**
- **Electrical Power System (EPS)**
  - ◆ **Primary and Secondary battery sources for Main system.**
  - ◆ **Independent battery sources for radios, Cutdown**





# EPS cont.





# EPS cont.



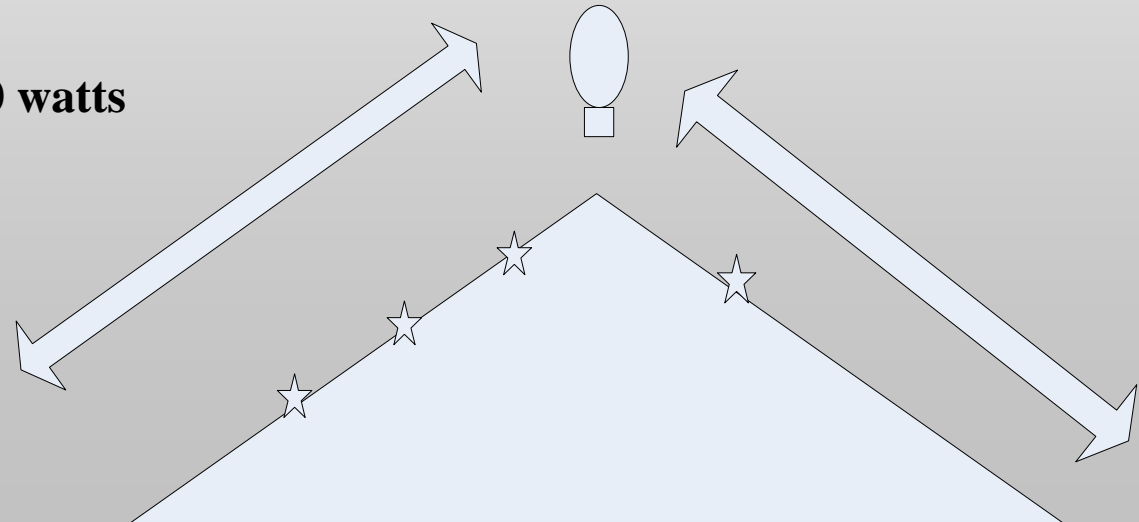
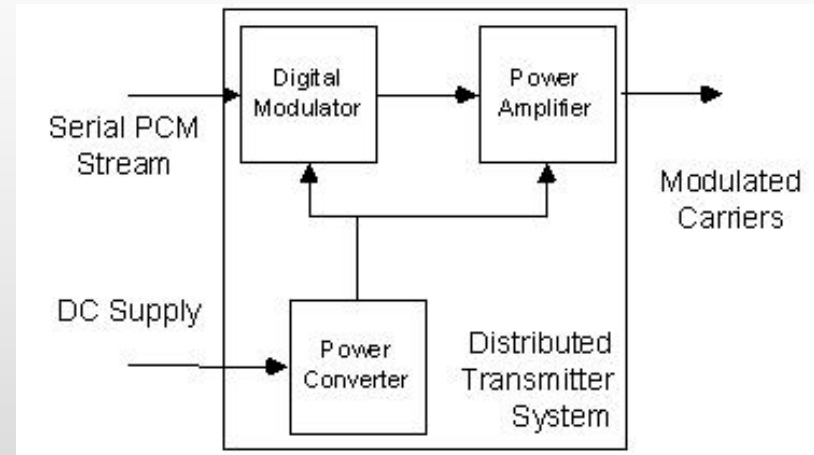
System	Required		Available								Safety factor= (Aen/Ren)
	Energy (Wh)- Ren	Max Current (A)	Battery Model	Chemistry	Configuration	Nominal Voltage (V)	Capacity (Ah)	Max Current (A)	Energy (Wh) Aen	Energy Density (Wh/g)	
<b>5V bus , KUBESat</b>	21.41	0.675	Samsung ICR18650-22	Li-ion	3 cells in parallel	3.7	6.6	6.6	24.42	0.1769	1.1405202
<b>5Vbus, backup</b>	16.05	0.312	Samsung ICR18650-22	Li-ion	3 cells in parallel	3.7	6.6	6.6	24.42	0.1769	1.5213738
<b>HAM radio</b>	5.63	0.52	Energizer e2 Lithium	Li/FeS2	4 cells in series	6	3	2	18	0.3103	3.1942078
<b>APRS radio</b>	0.869	0.11	Ultralife U9VL-J	Li/MnO2	1 cell	9	1.2	0.12	10.8	0.2967	12.417219
<b>Cutdown</b>	0.375	1.5	Kroeger 9V	Alkaline	2 cells in parallel	9	0.2	-	1.8	0.0197	4.8



# KUBESat-1 : Introduction



- **S-band Transmitter**
- **Characterizing**
  - ◆ **Modulation**
    - FSK,SOQPSK
  - ◆ **Filtering**
  - ◆ **Data Rate**
    - 1,5,10,20 Mbps
  - ◆ **RF power**
    - 1,2,4,10 watts



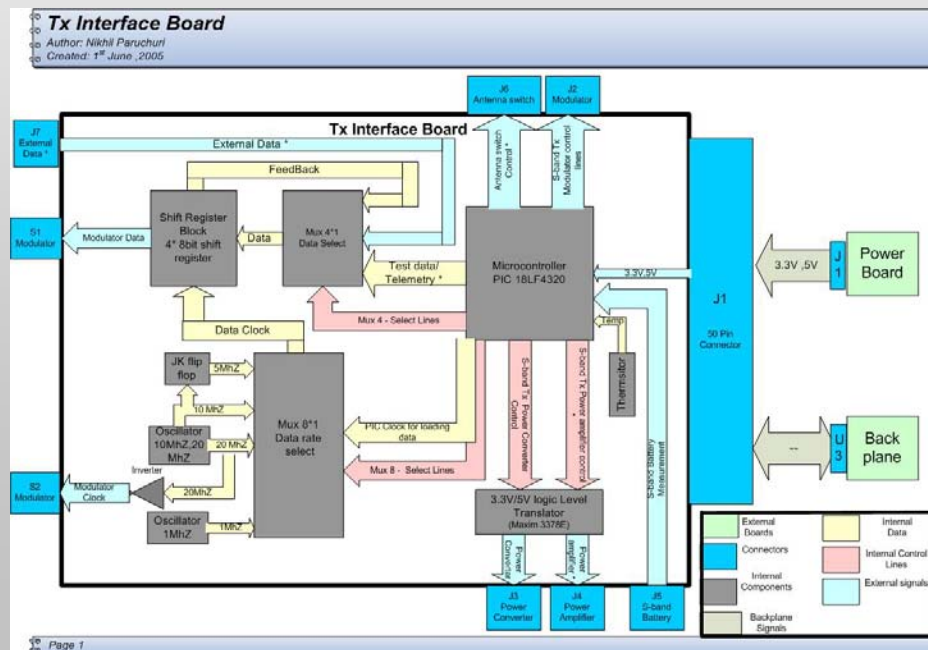
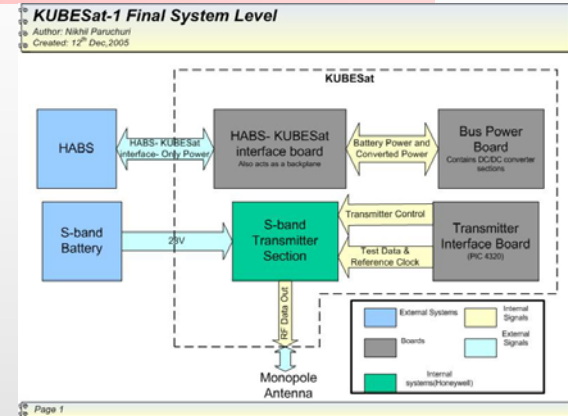




# KUBESat-1 System Design



- HABS interface
- S-band Control and Data interface
  - ◆ Control
  - ◆ Test Data
  - ◆ Clock



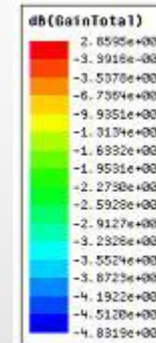


# KUBESat-1 system design

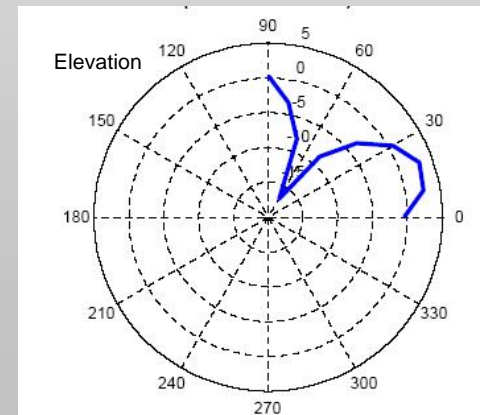
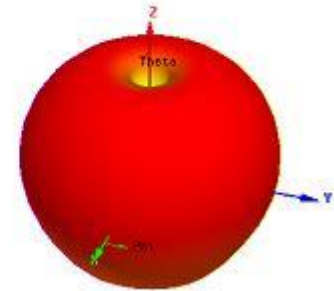


## ■ Antennas

- ◆ Designed by EE Senior Classes
- ◆ Balloon
  - Monopole
  - Characteristics



Simulated





# KUBESat-1 system design



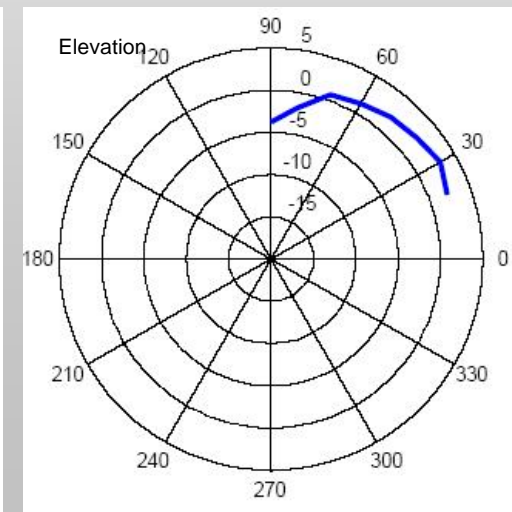
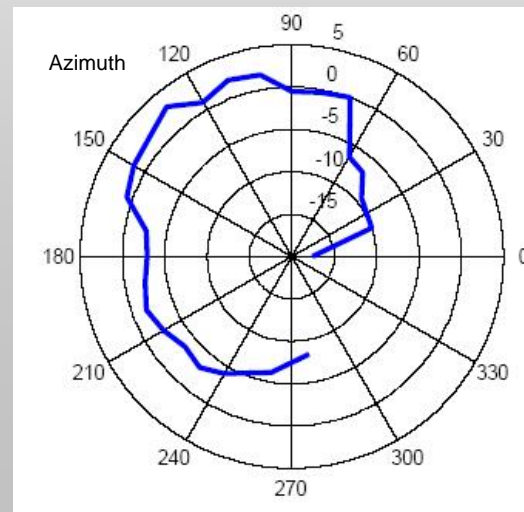
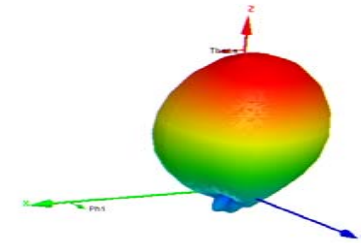
## ■ Antennas cont..

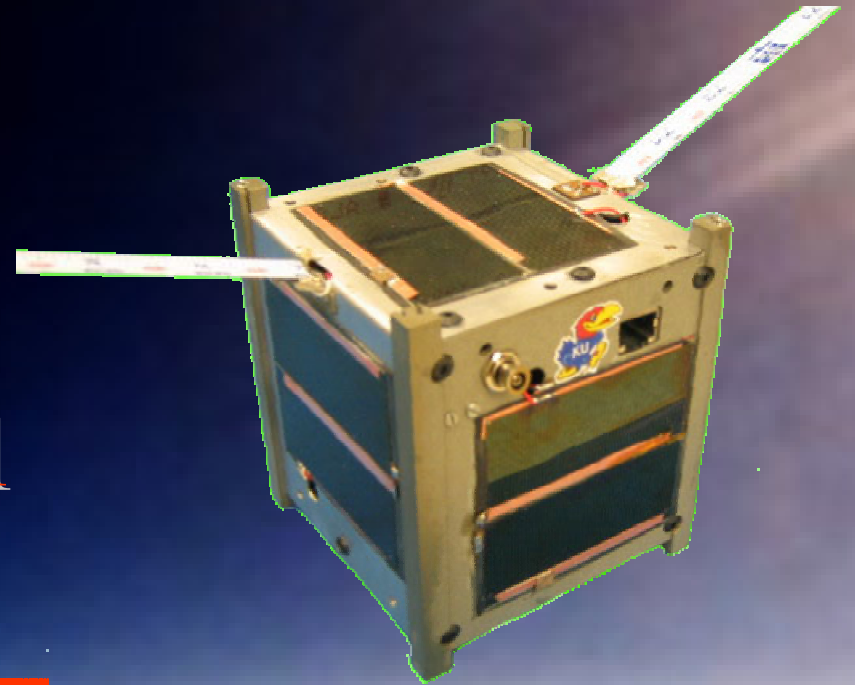
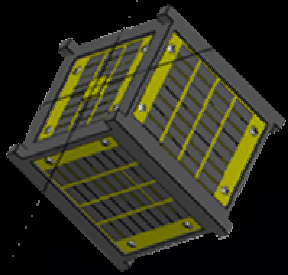
### ◆ Ground Station

- Patch
- Characteristics



Simulated





# KUTESat-1 *Pathfinder*

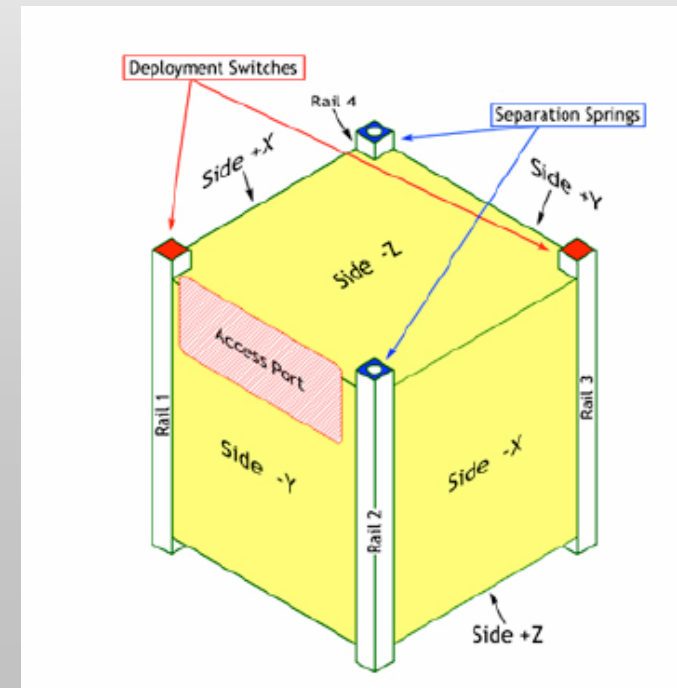


# Pathfinder



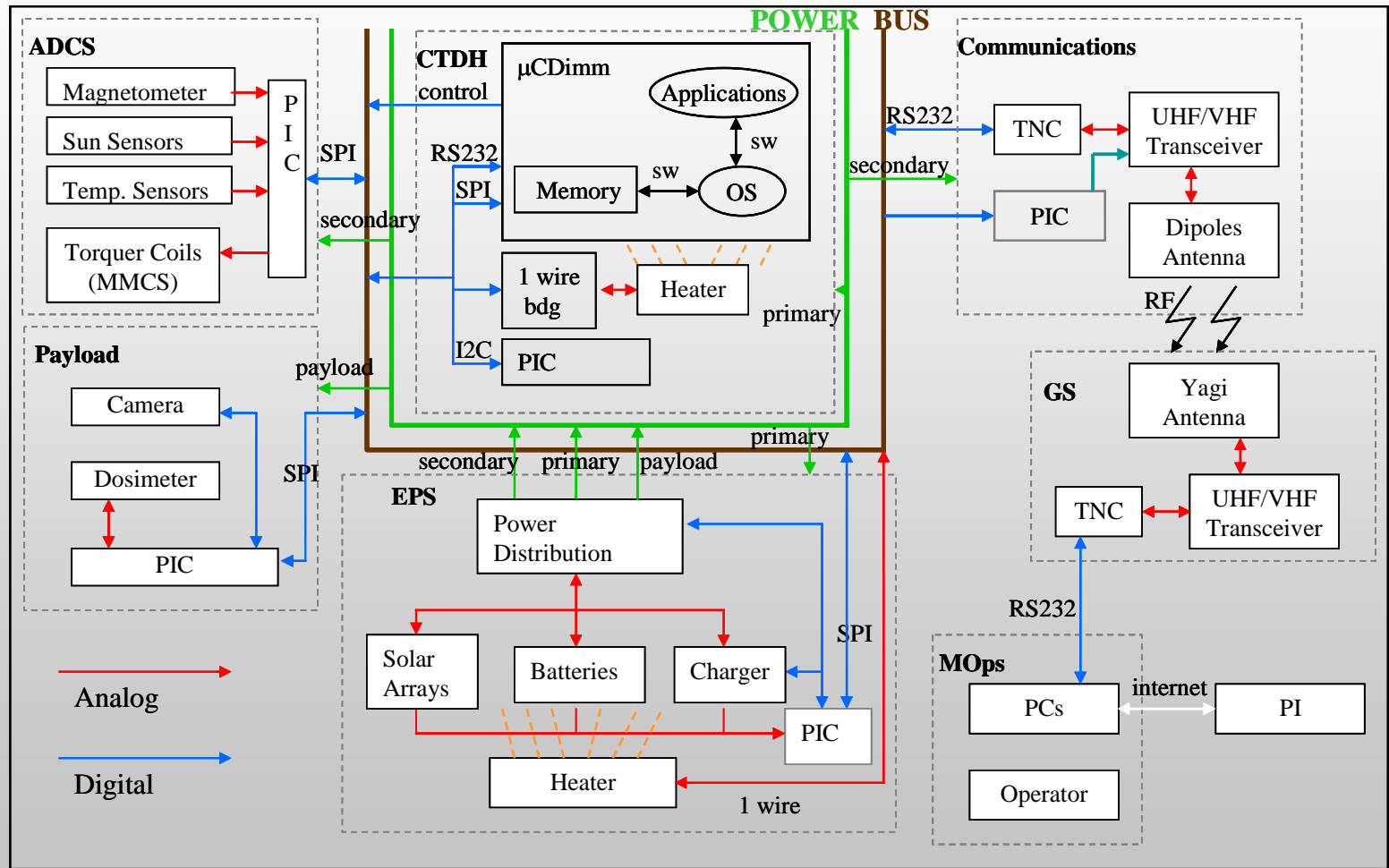
## ■ CubeSat Standard

- ◆ Picosatellites
- ◆ Robert Twiggs, Stanford, 2000
- ◆ <1 kg, 10 cm cube
- ◆ California State Polytechnic University
- ◆ P-POD





# Original System





# Original System



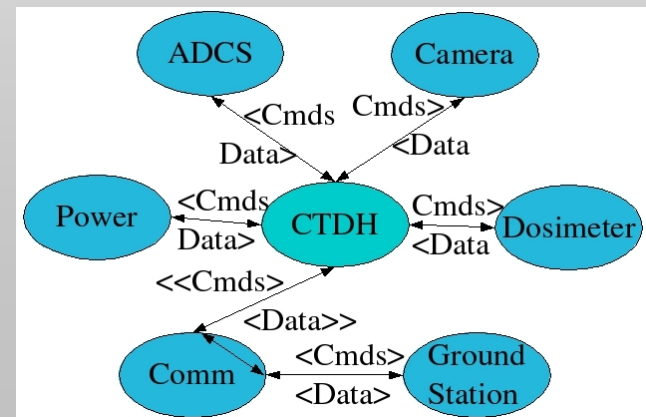
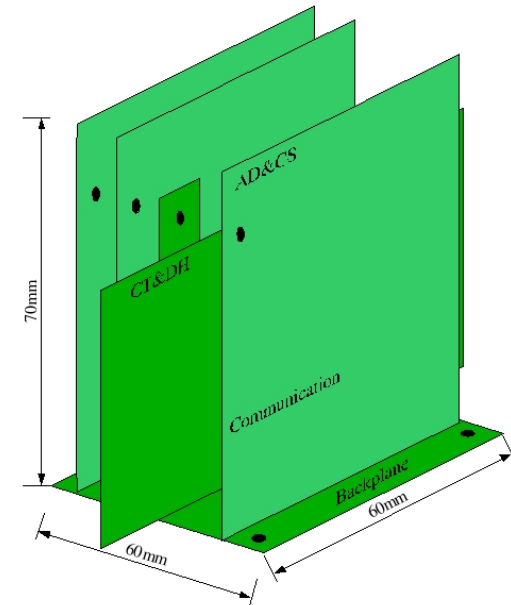
- **CTDH**
- **Communication**
  - ◆ HAM radio
- **Attitude Determination and Control System (ADCS)**
  - ◆ Magnetometer and Sun sensors
  - ◆ Torquer Coils
- **Electrical Power system**
  - ◆ Lithium batteries
  - ◆ GaAs Solar cells
  - ◆ Power distribution
- **Payload**
  - ◆ Dosimeter- Radfet
  - ◆ Camera- CMOS image sensor



# Control Telemetry & Data Handling



- Communicate with Ground Station
- Backplane: Interface with other subsystems
- Instrument and Health data capture
- Control modes of operation







# CTDH design

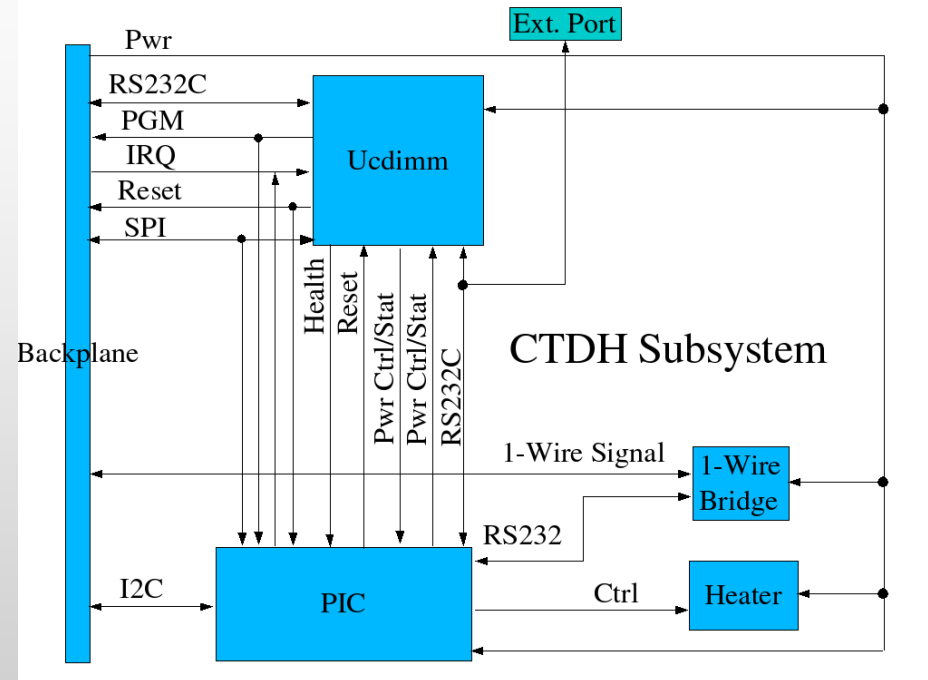


## ■ Communication

- ◆ SPI
- ◆ I2C
- ◆ RS-232
- ◆ 1-Wire

## ■ Programming

- ◆ In circuit serial programming (ICSP)
- ◆ Enable Lines





# CTDH design



- **PIC monitor**
  - ◆ **Health**
  - ◆ **Single Event Upsets (SEU) and Latches (SEL)**
- **Radiation effects**
  - ◆ **SEU every 4436 days in stormy magnetic weather**

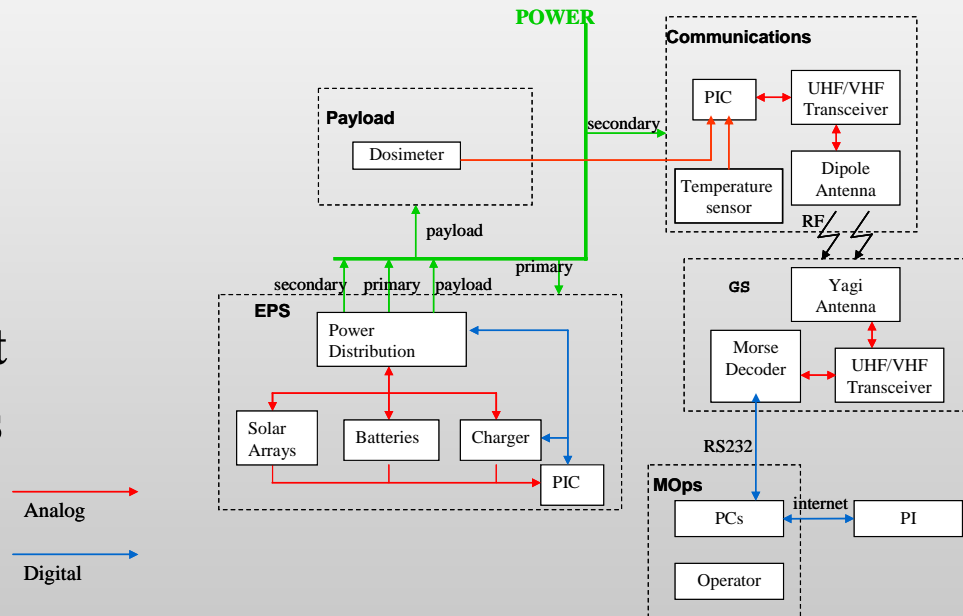


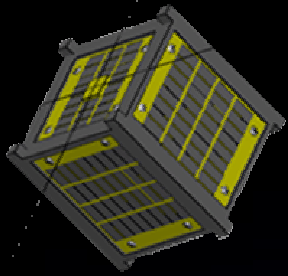


# Final design



- Issues with subsystem communication
- Payload and ADCS subsystems not mature
- EPS PIC
  - ◆ Antenna deployment
  - ◆ Power to subsystems
  - ◆ Simple power management
- Communication PIC
  - ◆ Telemetry
  - ◆ Morse Code





# Modular Platform

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# Need for Standards



- **Past lessons implemented**
- **Adopted by many**
- **Rapid development**
  - ◆ **DARPA –Falcon program**
  - ◆ **Operationally Responsive (ORS) – TacSat-1**
- **Space plug-n-play Avionics (SPA)**
- **... implementation 5 years**



# Modularity



## ■ Pros

- ◆ **Improve system design.**
  - **Replace modules**
  - **Design modules independently**
- ◆ **Reduced integration and testing time**
- ◆ **Reduce non recurring engineering costs.**
  - **Transfer of intellectual knowledge**
- ◆ **Multiple missions**
  - **Emphasis on payload design**
- ◆ **Mass production**

## ■ Cons

- ◆ **Initial costs high**
- ◆ **Designed for particular developer**
- ◆ **Not compatible with Specialized missions**



# Small Satellite modular designs



- **SWARM**
  - ◆ MIT
  - ◆ Bluetooth technology
- **Aero Astro**
  - ◆ Space Frame
  - ◆ SCOUT
  - ◆ SMARTBus™
    - Plug and Sense
    - Layered Software
- **TEST**
  - ◆ CubeSats
  - ◆ University of Illinois, University of Taylor
  - ◆ Standard communication interface- RS-422,I<sup>2</sup>C
  - ◆ Interface module for each subsystem

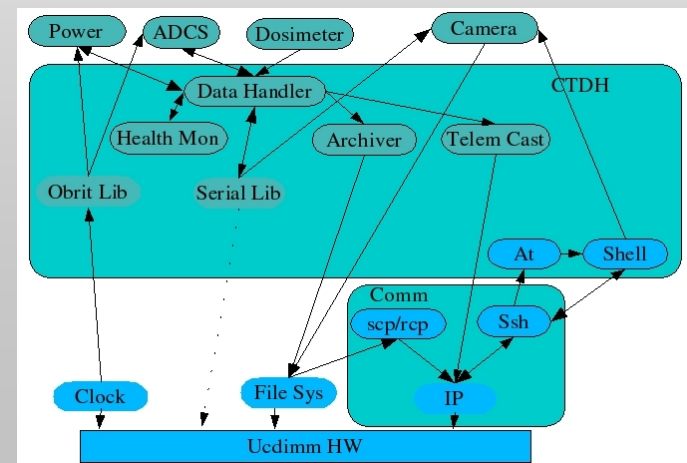
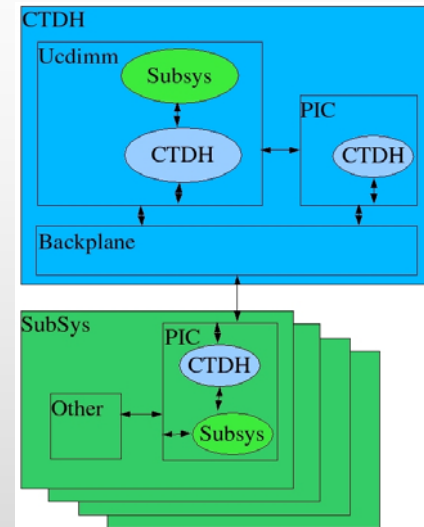


# Proposed Platform - Software



## ■ Software and logical interface

- ◆ Controllers on each subsystem
- ◆ Application software on main processor
- ◆ Standard interfaces
- ◆ Resource requests, provider and arbiter
- ◆ Reprogramming



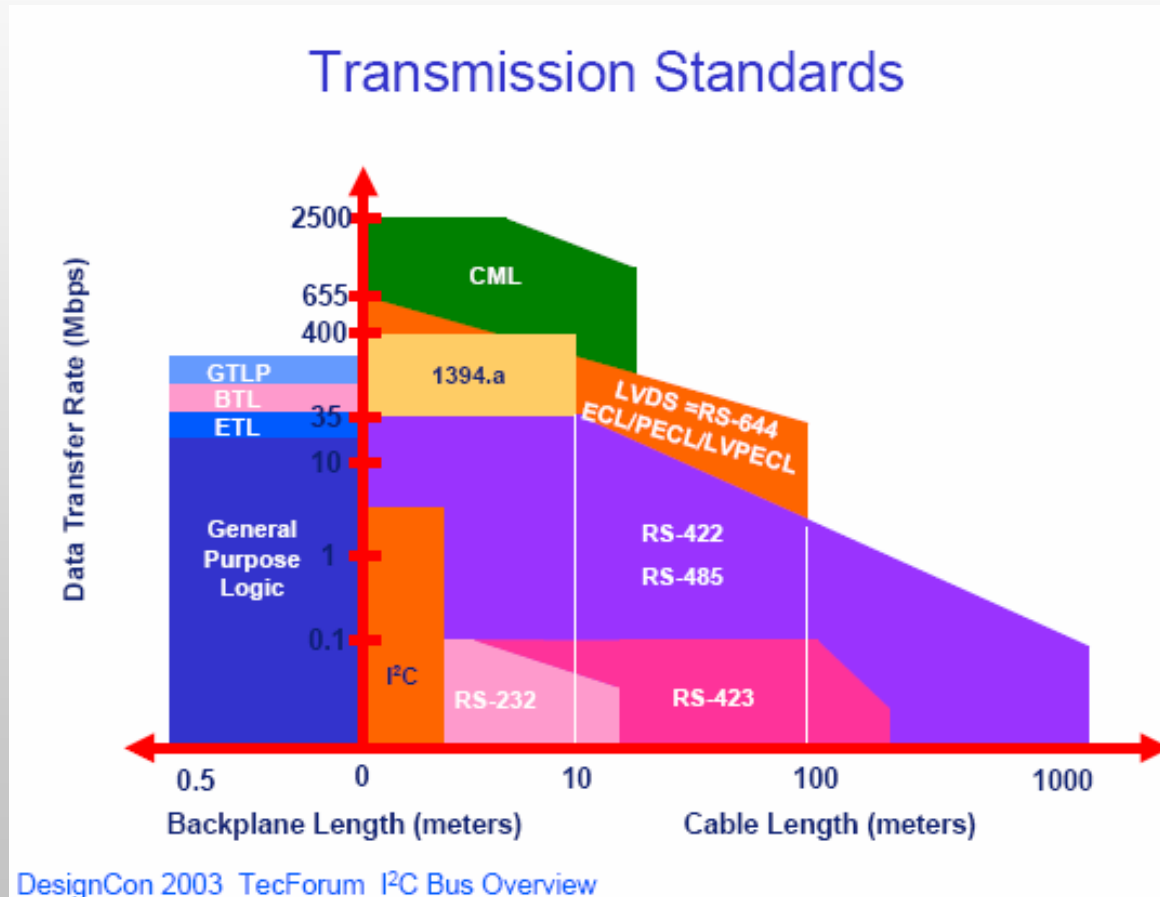




# Proposed Platform -Electrical



- Communication bus





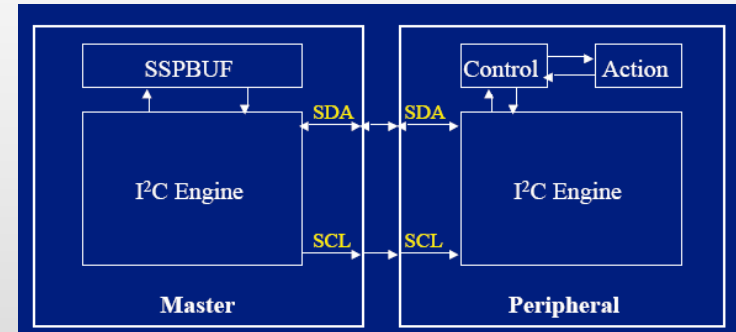
# Proposed Platform -Electrical



## ■ Communication bus cont..

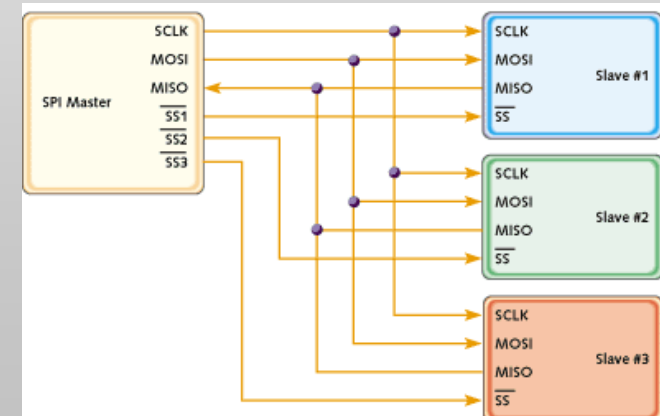
### ◆ I2C

- Phillips
- 2 wire- Data and Clock
- Single or Multiple Masters
- Addressable slaves- 128 or 1024
- 100 kbps, 400 kbps , 3.4 Mbps



### ◆ SPI

- Motorola
- 3 wires- Data In, Data Out, Clock and x- number of slaves
- Single Master \*
- > 1 Mbps





# Proposed Platform -Electrical



- **Communication bus cont..**
  - ◆ **RS-232**
    - **Common Standard**
    - **Asynchronous- Tx and Rx**
    - **Standard 19.2 kbps, but 115.2 kbps possible**
    - **Peer to Peer \***
  - ◆ **Final choice**
    - **RS-232:Control and Health Status**
    - **SPI: Legacy**
    - **I2C: Secondary bus, Video and Image collection**



# Proposed Platform -Electrical



- **Power distribution**
  - ◆ **Common voltage levels**
  - ◆ **Division of power**
- **Control**
  - ◆ **Interrupt**
  - ◆ **Reset**
  - ◆ **Programming**
    - **FPGA's**
    - **PIC's**



# Proposed Platform -Electrical



- **Final design**
- **Separate analog and digital grounds**
- **5 subsystems**

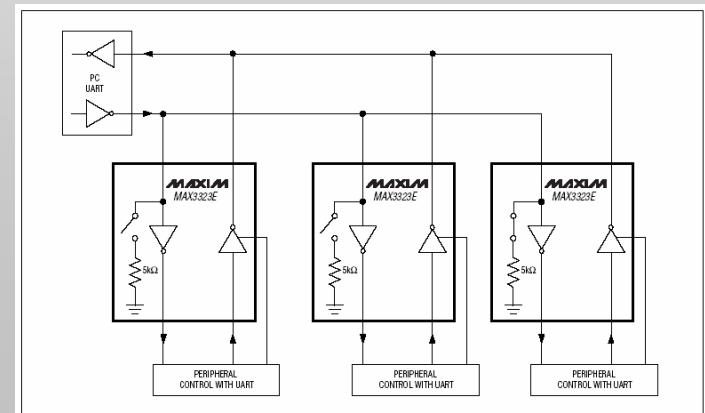
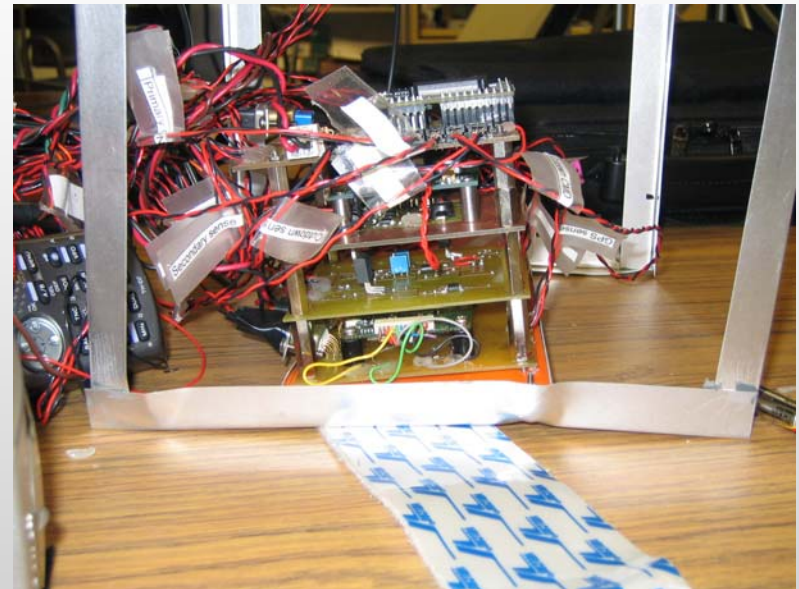
Signal group	Type	Number of lines	Signal group	Type	Number of lines
<b>Communications</b>	RS-232 Tx	1	<b>Power</b>	Secondary 28 V	2
	RS-232 Rx	1		Payload 3.3 V	2
	RS-232 enable	5		Payload 5 V	2
	I2c Data	1		Payload 12 V	3
	I2c Clock	1		Payload 28 V	10
	SPI Data out	1		Analog ground	20
	SPI Data In	1		<b>Control</b>	Interrupt
SPI clock	1	Reset	5		
SPI enable	5	Programming Data/TDI	1		
<b>Power</b>	Primary 3.3 V	2	Programming Clock/TCK		1
	Primary 5 V	2	TMS		1
	Primary 12 V	2	TDO	1	
	Secondary 3.3 V	2	Programming enable	5	
	Secondary 5 V	3	Digital ground	5	
Secondary 12 V	3	<b>Total</b>		<b>94</b>	



# HABS-Mk3



- **Necessity**
  - ◆ Reduce weight
  - ◆ Robust
  - ◆ Reduce time of assembly
- **Changes made**
  - ◆ Backplane implemented
  - ◆ Multiplex RS-232
- **Results**
  - ◆ 1 lb reduction
  - ◆ Assembly time reduced to 2 hours
  - ◆ 3 flights

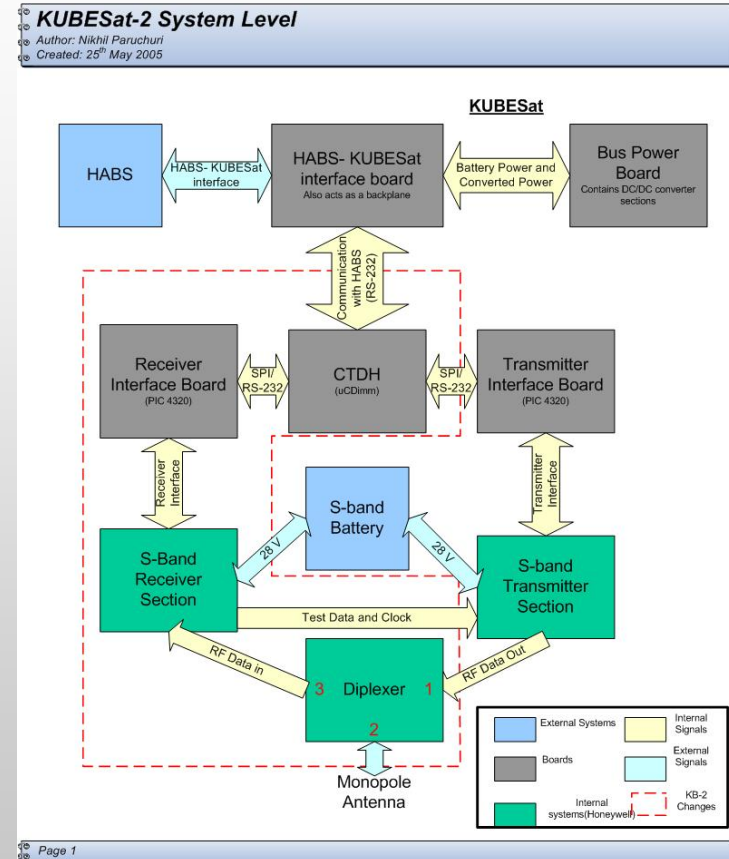




# KUBESat-2



- S-band transceiver
- Ground Station control
- HABS interface
  - ◆ Power
  - ◆ Communication
  - ◆ Analog lines
  - ◆ Control





# KUBESat-2 system design

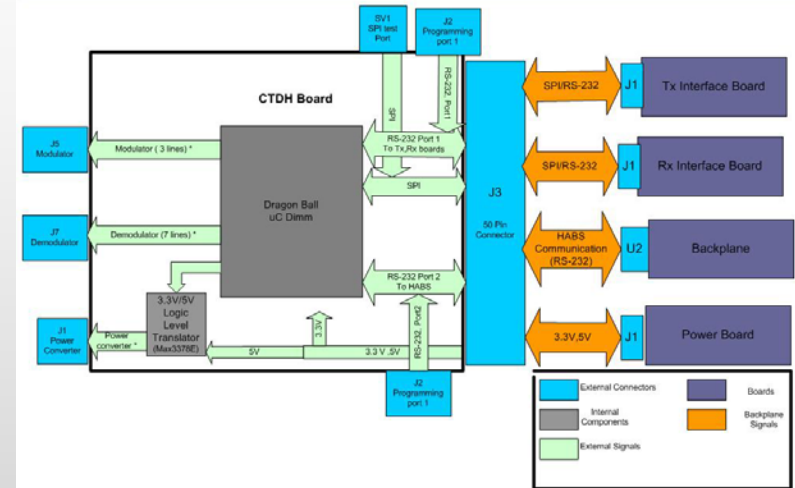


## ■ CTDH

- ◆ Communication with HABS
- ◆ Control of subsystems
- ◆ Redundant communication buses

## ■ Rx and Tx interface boards

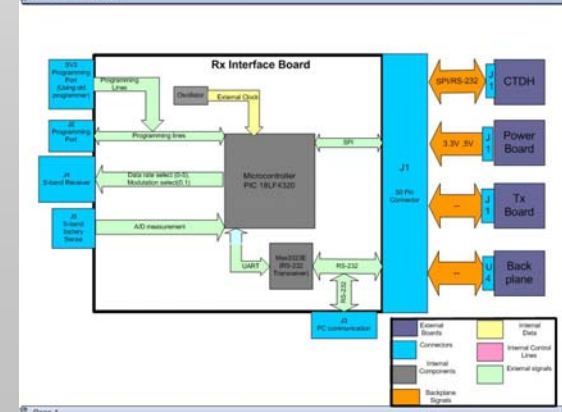
KUBESat CTDH - rev 1  
Author: Nikhil Paruchuri  
Created: 31<sup>st</sup> May 2005  
Revision: 10<sup>th</sup> Jan 2006



Page 1

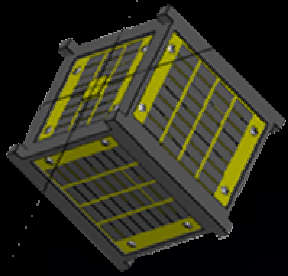
### Rx Interface Board

Author: Nikhil Paruchuri  
Created: 1<sup>st</sup> June 2005



Page 1





# Future Work

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# Future work



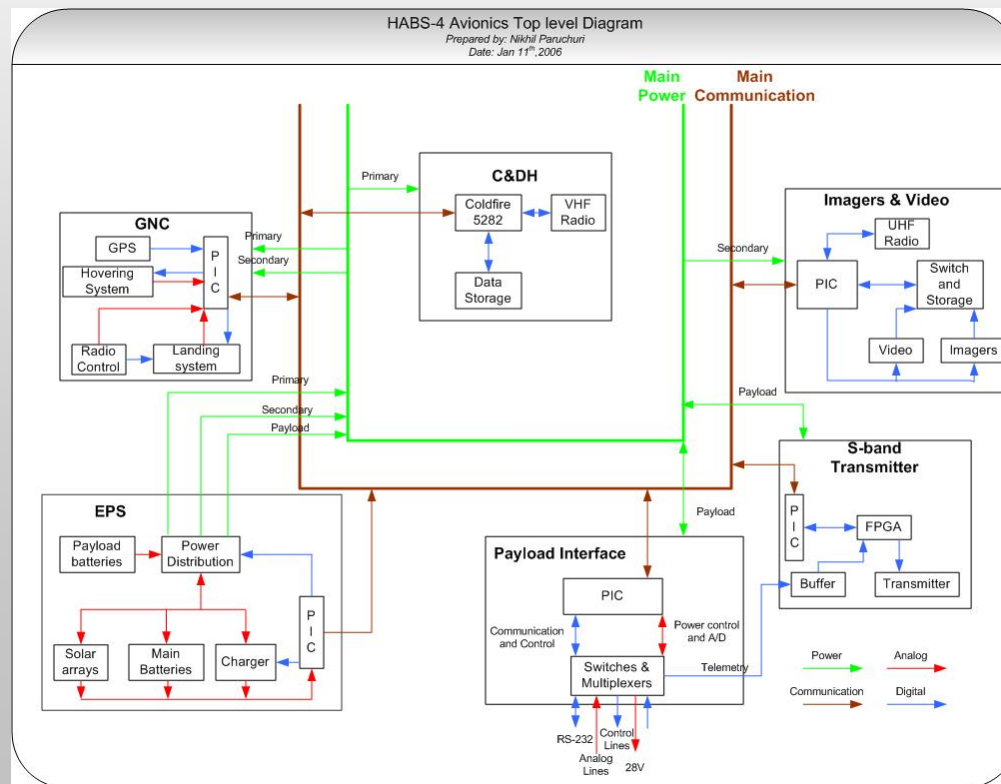
- **Testing of KUBESat-2 software**
- **HABS-Mk4**
  - ◆ **Hovering**
  - ◆ **Controlled landing**
  - ◆ **Standard payload interface**
  - ◆ **S-band transmitter**
  - ◆ **Video**
  - ◆ **Mass production**



# HABS-Mk4, proposal



- **Future Satellites considered.**
- **Control and Data Handling (C&DH)**
  - ◆ **Top priority communication**
  - ◆ **Legacy processor- Coldfire**





# HABS-Mk4, Avionics



## ■ Guidance and Navigation Control (GNC)

### ◆ GPS

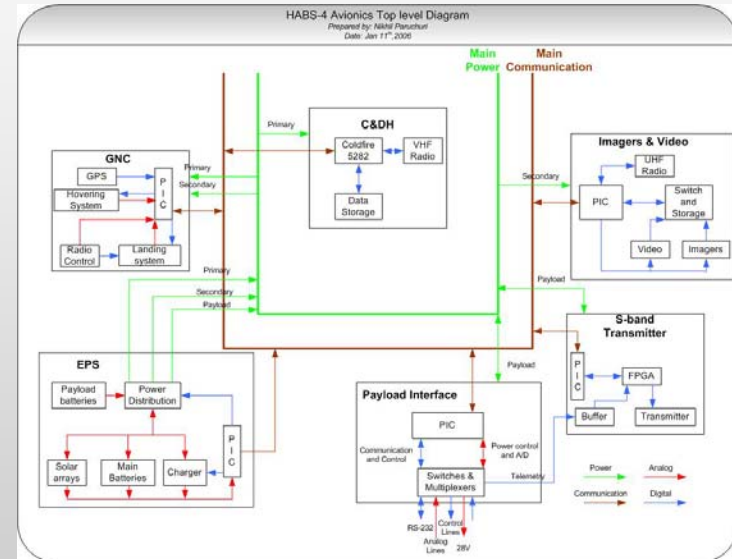
- DGPS

### ◆ Hovering

- Pressure valve
- Ballast control

### ◆ Landing

- Spherachute
- Radio Control





# HABS-Mk4, Avionics

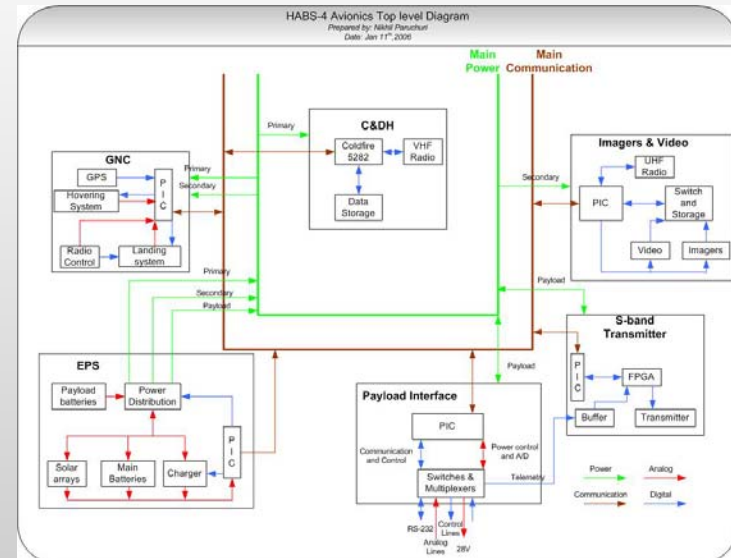


## ■ Electrical and Power subsystem

- ◆ Main power source
  - Rechargeable batteries
  - Solar cells
- ◆ Payload power source
  - Adopted based on payload

## ■ Images and Video

- ◆ UHF link
- ◆ Landing control

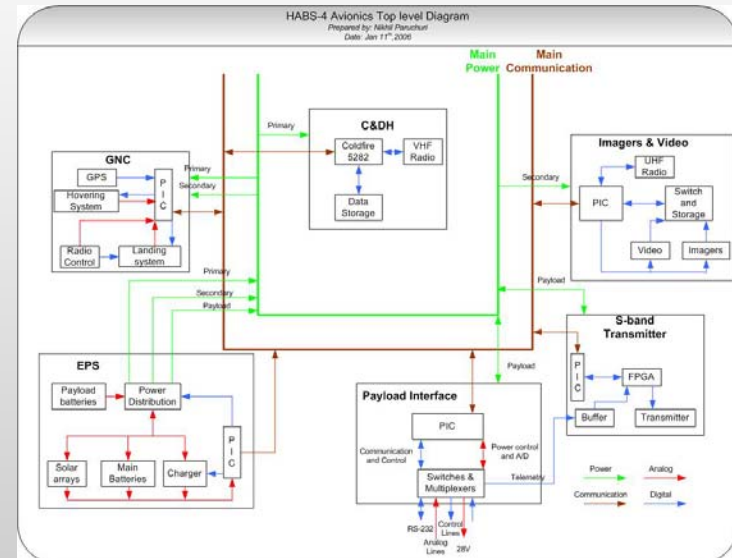




# HABS-Mk4, Payload interface



- **S-band transmitter**
  - ◆ Payload data buffer and transmit
  - ◆ FPGA
- **Multiple payloads**
  - ◆ RS-232 control
  - ◆ 28 V standard power bus
  - ◆ Analog and Control lines
  - ◆ Route telemetry to S-band transmitter





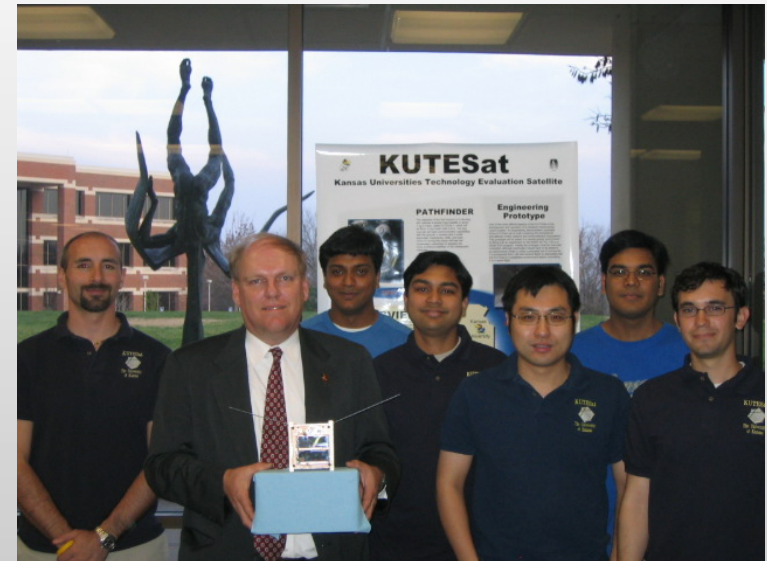
# Conclusions



- **Phase-1 systems implemented and tested**
- **Modular platform developed from Phase-1 lessons**
- **HABS-Mk3 & KUBESat-2 , limited implementation**
- **HABS-Mk4 base for future satellite designs**
- **Smart software, layering**



**Thank you !!**



**Honeywell**