

EECS 861
Homework #8

1. $X(t)$ is a wide sense stationary zero mean, Gaussian random processes with a power spectral density of $S_x(f) = 10 \sqrt{2} e^{-2f^2 \pi}$. [Hint: see Homework 7-problem 4]
 - a. Find $E[X(t)]$, $\text{Var}[X(t)]$, $E[X(t+1)]$, and $\text{Var}[X(t+1)]$
 - b. What is the distribution of $X(t)$, i.e., name of pdf and its parameters?
 - c. Find $P(X(t) > 4)$
 - d. What is the covariance matrix for $X(t)$ and $X(t+1)$?
 - e. What is the joint distribution of $X(t)$ and $X(t+1)$, i.e., name of pdf and its parameters?
 - f. What is the correlation coefficient between $X(t)$ and $X(t+1)$?
 - g. Find $P(X(t+1) > 4 | X(t) = 3)$
 - h. Approximate $P(X(t+20) > 4 | X(t) = 3)$

2. For a random process with a PSD of $S_x(f) = \frac{1}{1000} * \text{sinc}^2\left(\frac{\pi * f}{1000}\right)$
 - a. Find the B_{eff}
 - b. Find the $B_{3\text{dB}}$
 - c. Find $B_{\text{first zero}}$ defined as the first frequency where $S_x(f) = 0$
 - d. Compare the above definitions of bandwidth.

3. Given the random process from problem 2,
 - a. Find the correlation time τ_c
 - b. Compare the correlation time to $\frac{1}{2B_{3\text{dB}}}$ and $\frac{1}{2B_{\text{first zero}}}$
 - c. What is the correlation coefficient between $X(t)$ and $X(t+2\text{ms})$?

4. Determine whether the following functions can be the power spectral density for a WSS real valued random process (YES or NO).
 - a. $-\text{rect}(f)$
 - b. $2e^{+4\pi f^2}$
 - c. $100 \wedge (100f)$
 - d. $10e^{-\pi(f+0.10)}$
 - e. $16e^{-|f-2|}$
 - f. $5\delta(f) + \sin(200\pi f)$
 - g. $\delta(f) + 4\delta(f+20) + 4\delta(f-20)$

5. The random process $X(t)$ is WSS. For each of the autocorrelation functions below find and plot the corresponding power spectral density, $S_x(f)$.
 - a) $R_{XX}(\tau) = 8 \cos(2\pi 1000\tau)$
 - b) $R_{XX}(\tau) = 8 \wedge\left(\frac{\tau}{4}\right)$
 - c) $R_{XX}(\tau) = 8 e^{-\left|\frac{\tau}{4}\right|}$
 - d) $R_{XX}(\tau) = 8 e^{-\pi\left(\frac{\tau}{4}\right)^2}$

6. A power spectral density for a WSS random process $X(t)$ is

$$S_X(f) = 0.001 \Lambda\left(\frac{f}{100 \text{ kHz}}\right)$$

- a. Find $E[X^2(t)]$.
- b. Find the Average power.
- c. Find the % power the band $[0, 50 \text{ kHz}]$