## Special Problem 2-4.15

The location of some point  $P_a$  is denoted with position vector  $\overline{r_a}$ .

The location of some other point  $P_b$  is denoted with position vector  $\overline{r_b}$ .

We know that  $\overline{r_a} - \overline{r_b} = \hat{a_y} + 6 \hat{a_z}$ .

We likewise know that the coordinates of point  $P_a$  are:

$$\rho_a = \sqrt{8}$$

$$\rho_a = \sqrt{8} \qquad \phi_a = 225^\circ \qquad \mathbf{z}_a = 0$$

$$z_a = 0$$

Determine the distance between point  $P_b$  and the origin.