

Receiver Noise

Say we reject completely the image signal and all spurious signals. \Rightarrow a single signal will appear at the detector/demodulator.

Q: One signal! \Rightarrow assuming a perfect detector, the demodulated signal $\hat{i}(t)$, will have no error (i.e.) $\hat{i}(t) = i(t)$, right ???

A: No! Unfortunately, there will always be another signal at the detector \Rightarrow noise!

Noise at the detector will

always be present, and therefore the detected signal

$\hat{i}(t)$ will always contain error ϵ , where:

$$\epsilon = \hat{i}(t) - i(t) \neq 0$$

This Stinks!!

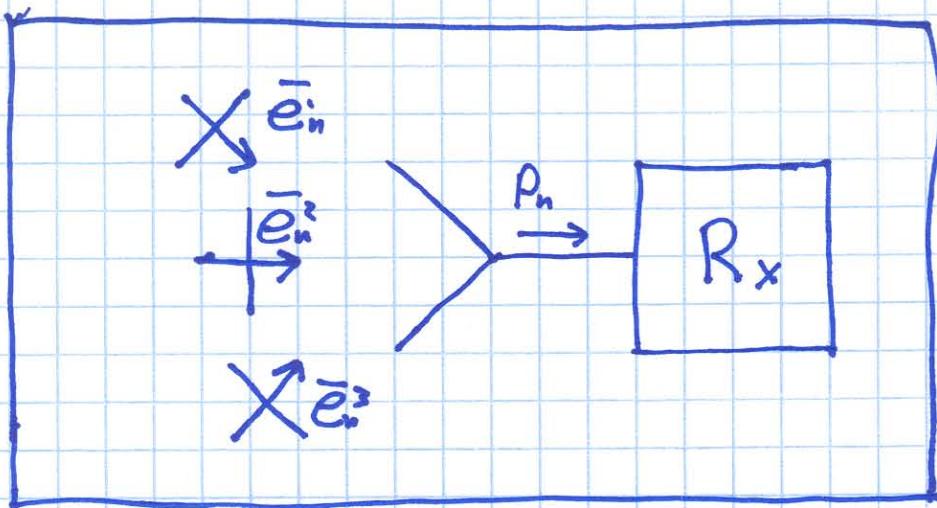


{ We can reduce this error, but we }
{ cannot eliminate it !! }

Q: Where does this noise come from ??

A: Two sources! External and Internal.

External noise - is noise that is coupled into the Rx through the receiver antenna.



- In addition to the human-made signals occupying virtually every frequency of the RF/m wave spectrum, the entire e.m. spectrum is awash in random energy (i.e. noise).
- This random energy has neither a specific frequency, nor direction, but instead is spread out across all directions and frequencies!
- As a result, we can point our antenna in a specific direction,

and we can tune our receiver to a specific frequency, but we will still receive a portion of this e.m noise!

Q: What is the source of this external noise ??

A: There are 3 sources! -
terrestrial, extra-terrestrial,
and human-made.

Terrestrial noise - Every warm object radiates e.m. energy (one method of heat transfer)!!

{ Definition of warm \Rightarrow above }
{ absolute zero. }

- The power and frequency of the emitted e.m. noise depends on the temperature of the object.
- For objects on the Earth, the temperature is such that objects radiate mainly in the infrared region of the e.m. spectrum
- But, objects on the Earth also emit some energy across the entire e.m. spectrum (e.g., optical and u-wave regions).

Extra-terrestrial — There are

very warm objects in space !

E.G., the sun, stars, planets, etc.

They also radiate e.m. noise that (eventually) reaches the Earth.

Human-made - We humans make a lot of noise (both e.m. and otherwise). In addition to the information signal, transmitters radiate noise that was internally generated!

Internal Noise

The receiver itself generates noise!!

Q: Why? A: We will find out that resistors and semiconductors generate noise.

{Any device which absorbs power}
{will also emit power (in the form of noise)}.