5.3 - Double-Stub Tuning

Reading Assignment: pp. 235-240

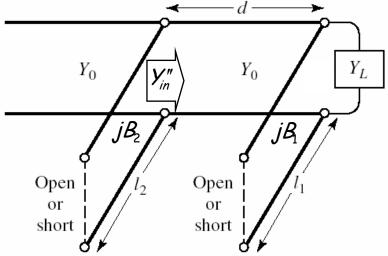
Alternative to the single-stub tuner is the double-stub tuner.

HO: The Double-Stub Tuner

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Double Stub Tuning

Another way to build a matching network is with a double stub tuner:



In this design, d is a **fixed** length (typically, $d = \lambda/8$), whereas lengths ℓ_1 and ℓ_2 are **design parameters**.

Q: Why are ℓ_1 and ℓ_2 design parameters, but not length d?

A: Because the lengths ℓ_1 and ℓ_2 can be easily altered—the matching network is physically tunable!

Design Procedure

1. Set jB_1 such that $Re\{Y_{in}^{\prime\prime}\} = Y_0$, i.e.,

$$\operatorname{Re}\left\{Y_{0}\frac{\left(Y_{L}+j\mathcal{B}_{1}\right)+jY_{0}\tan\beta d}{Y_{0}+j\left(Y_{L}+j\mathcal{B}_{1}\right)\tan\beta d}\right\}=Y_{0}$$

or equivaleIntly:

$$\operatorname{Re}\left\{\frac{\mathcal{G}_{L}+j\left(\mathcal{B}_{L}+\mathcal{B}_{1}+\mathcal{Y}_{0}\tan\beta\mathcal{d}\right)}{\mathcal{Y}_{0}-\left(\mathcal{B}_{L}+\mathcal{B}_{1}\right)\tan\beta\mathcal{d}+j\mathcal{G}_{L}\tan\beta\mathcal{d}}\right\}=1$$

where $Y_L = G_L + jB_L$.

Problem: There **may** be **no** solution jB_1 that satisfies this equation! There exists **some** load impedances $Z_{\ell}(Y_{\ell})$ that **cannot** be matched with a double stub tuner.

These loads are said to lie in the scary forbidden region (eq. 5.21). We will find that these load impedances have real (resistive) parts that are large (e.g., $R_L \gg Z_0$).

2. Set jB_2 such that:

$$\operatorname{Im}\{Y_{in}''+jB_2\}=0$$

or equivalently:

$$\mathcal{B}_2 = -\operatorname{Im}\{Y_{in}^{"}\}$$

The resulting input admittance is thus:

$$Y_{in} = Y_{in}'' + jB_2 = Y_0$$
 (real)

The design equations are provided on pp. 240, OR we can use a Smith Chart (see example 5.4) to find the solutions!