

EECS 361
Homework #13

1. Section 6.6 Participation Activities

- 6.6.1: z-transform definition.
- 6.6.2: z-transform of a finite duration sequence.
- 6.6.4: Visualizing the z-transform.
- 6.6.6: z-transform of sinusoids.
- 6.6.7: z-transforms of some sinusoids.
- 6.6.8: z-transform pairs.

2. (Concept: Finding the z-transform of a discrete time signal)

Find the z-transforms for the following signals

- a. $\{1, 2, 1\}$
- b. $(-0.8)^n u[n]$
- c. $\cos(0.8n) u[n]$
- d. $0.8^n \cos(0.8n) u[n]$
- e. $0.8^n (1 + \cos(0.8n)) u[n]$
- f. $u[n] - u[n-8]$
- g. $\delta[n-1] + 2\delta[n-2] + \delta[n-3]$

3. (Concept: Finding the z-transform of a discrete time signal)

Given $x[n] = \{0, 0, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 0, 0\}$ find $X(z)$.

4. (Concept: Finding the z-transform of a discrete time signal and forming the z-transform as a ratio of two polynomials)

For $x[n] = \{0, 4, 6, 8, 6, 4, 0\}$ find $X(z)$ and expressed $X(z)$ in the form of a ratio of two polynomials.

5. Section 6.7 Participation Activities

- 6.7.2: Convolution property of the z-transform
- 6.7.3: z-transform properties.
- 6.7.4: z-transform properties-part 2

6. Section 6.8 Participation Activities

6.8.1: Inverse z-transforms.

7. (Concept: Inverse z-transform)

Exercise 6.8.1 a & b

8. (Concept: Linearity of the z-transform)

Find $x[n]$ given $X(z) = \frac{z}{z-0.4} - \frac{4z}{z+0.4} + \frac{z}{z-0.6}$ and plot $x[n]$ for $n=0 \dots 10$

9. (Concept: z-transform of $\sin(n\Omega)$)

Find $x[n]$ given $X(z) = \frac{z \sin(\Omega)}{z^2 - 2z \cos(\Omega) + 1}$ for $\Omega = \frac{\pi}{4}$ and plot $x[n]$ for $n=0 \dots 20$.

10. (Concept: Finding the discrete time impulse response given the system transfer function)

Given a transfer function $H(z) = 0.5z^{-1} + 0.75z^{-3} + z^{-5}$ find the impulse response and plot $h[n]$.

11. (Concept: Finding the system transfer function given a difference equation)

Given these difference equations find the corresponding transfer functions $H(z)$ put $H(z)$ in the form with all positive exponents of z , e.g., z^{+k} .

- a. $y[n] = \frac{1}{3}x[n] + \frac{1}{3}x[n-1] + \frac{1}{3}x[n-2]$
- b. $y[n] = 0.8y[n-1] + x[n] + 2x[n-1]$
- c. $y[n] = x[n] + 1.66y[n-1] - 0.81y[n-2]$

12. (Concepts: Finding the frequency response function from a difference equation and properties of second order discrete time systems)

Given a difference equation $y[n] = x[n] + 2b \cos(\phi)y[n-1] - b^2y[n-2]$.

- a. Find transfer function $H(z)$, put $H(z)$ in the form with all positive exponents of z , e.g., z^{+k} .
- b. Set $b=0.9$ and $\phi = \frac{\pi}{8}$ and compare to the result to $H(z)$ found in part c. of problem 11?

- c. Use **Design of First and Second Order Digital Filters** tool to plot the pole/zero diagram, surface diagram of $H(z)$ [pick a convenient viewing angle], and the magnitude $M(e^{j\Omega})$, phase of $H(z)$. Provide a screen shot in your solutions.
- d. Repeat part c. with $b=0.975$ and $\phi = \frac{\pi}{8}$. Where to the poles move?
- e. Discuss the difference between the frequency responses.

13. (Concepts: Linear phase transfer function $H(z)$)

Given $h[n] = \{1, 2, 1\}$

- a. Find $H(z)$.
- b. In $H(z)$ set $z = e^{j\Omega}$ and find $|H(e^{j\Omega})|$ as a function of Ω .
- c. In $H(z)$ set $z = e^{j\Omega}$ and find the phase of $H(e^{j\Omega})$ as a function of Ω .
- d. Let $h_c[n] = h[n-1] = \{1, 2, 1\}$ find $|H_c(e^{j\Omega})|$ as a function of Ω . Compare to part b.
- e. Let $h_c[n] = h[n-1] = \{1, 2, 1\}$ find the phase of $H_c(e^{j\Omega})$ as a function of Ω . Is the phase a linear function of the frequency Ω ?

14. (Concepts: Given a design specification, design a discrete time filter and using a MatLab tool to confirm design)

Design of a discrete-time lowpass filter.

- a. Obtain the transfer function of a BIBO stable, discrete-time lowpass filter with a single pole and a single zero, given that the zero is on the unit circle, and the pole is at a location within 0.1 from the unit circle. Set the DC gain =1, i.e., $H(e^{j0})=1$.
- b. Given a. find the associate difference equation.
- c. Use **MatLab Filter Design Tool** to plot magnitude $M(e^{j\Omega})$ of this filter, verify your design by providing a screen shot.
- d. Given the design found in part a. move the location of the pole to within 0.2 from the unit circle then use **MatLab Filter Design Tool** to plot magnitude $M(e^{j\Omega})$ of this filter, provide a screen shot. Explain the difference between the frequency response found above.