

EECS 361
Homework #3

1. Section 2.6 Participation activities
 - 2.6.1: Energy or power signals?
 - 2.6.2: Energy or power or neither?
 - 2.6.3: Power and energy in sums of signals
2. (Concepts: signal power and energy)
Find the power and energy in $x(t) = 0.707 \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t-10}{4}\right)$
3. (Concepts: signal power and energy)
Determine if each of the following signals is a power signal, an energy signal or neither
 - a. $x_1(t) = 10(u(t)-u(t-6))$
 - b. $x_2(t) = -20\sin(100t-0.785)$
4. (Concept: Energy per bit)
In binary phase shift keying (BPSK) modulation a “1” bit is transmitted as $A\cos(2\pi f_c t)$ for a bit time T_b and a “0” bit sent as $-A\cos(2\pi f_c t)$ for a bit time T_b . Assume $A = 100\text{mV}$, a carrier frequency of $f_c=100\text{GHz}$, and a bit rate of 10Gb/s , find the energy used to transmit a bit, E_b . Hint: $f_c T_b$ is an integer, i.e., $f_c * T_b=k$ where k is an integer.
5. (Concept: signal power of a radio frequency (RF) signal)
Find the power in $x_{\text{RF}}(t) = 10\cos(2\pi f_m t)\cos(2\pi f_c t)$; f_m = message frequency, f_c = carrier frequency.
Hint: $\cos(\alpha)\cos(\beta) = \frac{1}{2}(\cos(\alpha+\beta)+\cos(\alpha-\beta))$
6. Section 3.1 Participation activities
 - 3.1.1: Properties of square function.
 - 3.1.2: Linear or not?
 - 3.1.5: Is the system time invariant?
7. (Concepts: Linearity and time invariance)
Specify if the following systems are linear and or time invariant.
 - a. $y(t) = 3x(t) - 1$
 - b. $y(t) = x^2(t)$
 - c. $y(t) = \int_{t-2}^{t+2} x(\tau) d\tau$
 - d. $y(t) = x(t) - 2x(t-1)$
 - e. $y(t) = tx^2(t)$
8. (Concept: Signal power)
Which of these signals have finite power.
 - a. $x_1(t) = \sin(10 t)$
 - b. $x_2(t) = \operatorname{rect}(t)$
 - c. $x_3(t) = u(t)$
9. (Concept: Signal energy)
Find the energy of $x(t) = 2*\operatorname{rect}(t-0.5) - 1.0 \operatorname{rect}\left(\frac{t-2}{4}\right)$.
Hint: Plot $x(t)$ and $x^2(t)$.
10. (Concept: Example of specific nonlinear systems generating new frequencies)
 - a. Let $y(t) = x^2(t)$. For $x(t) = A\cos(2\pi f_m t)$ find $y(t)$. What frequencies are present in $y(t)$?
 - b. Let $z(t) = x^3(t)$. For $x(t) = A\cos(2\pi f_m t)$ find $z(t)$. What frequencies are present in $z(t)$?Hint: Trig identities:
 $\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos 2\alpha)$ and $\cos^3 \alpha = \frac{1}{4}(3\cos \alpha + \cos 3\alpha)$