EECS 644 HW 2: due 9/18/2025

1. Assuming no initial conditions, use the direct approach to compute the first five terms of the impulse response of:

$$y(n) = -0.5 \ y(n-1) + x(n) - 0.5 \ x(n-1)$$

Verify your answer by Power Series Expansion of the z-transform (show work). {Impulse response implies causality}

2. Repeat Prob. 1 for:

$$y(n) = 0.5 y(n-1) - 0.5 y(n-2) + 0.75 x(n) - 0.75 x(n-1)$$

3. Determine the <u>stable</u> impulse response h(n) associated with the z-transform:

$$H(z) = \frac{(z+1)}{(z-0.25)(z+0.5)}$$

4. Repeat Prob. 3 for:

$$H(z) = \frac{(z-1)(z+1)}{(z-0.25)(z+0.5)}$$

5. Compute the *z*-transform (including ROC) of the following system for causal input and denote as H(z):

$$y(n) = 0.5 \ y(n-1) + x(n)$$

- a) Is the system stable?
- b) Plot (by hand) the locations of the poles and zeros of the system.
- c) What is the time-domain response y(n) to step input x(n)? (Hint: Y(z) = H(z) X(z))
- d) Use the Final Value Theorem to determine the "steady-state" value of the system impulse response h(n) as $n \to \infty$.
- 6. Repeat Prob. 5 for

$$y(n) = 0.5 \ y(n-1) + 0.5 \ y(n-2) + 2x(n) - 2x(n-1)$$